LISTING OF CLAIMS

The following is a copy of the claims as previously submitted.

1. (Previously presented) A semiconductor process for controlling etching profile, comprising the steps of:

providing a plurality of substrates, wherein each substrate comprises a film to be etched and an overlying masking pattern layer thereon; and etching the film to be etched on each substrate in a plasma chamber using the masking pattern layer as an etch mask, a polymer layer being deposited

over the inner wall of the plasma chamber during the etching;

wherein an intermediary cleaning process is performed in the plasma chamber between the etchings before the deposited polymer layer reaches such a degree as to induce lateral etching on the film to be etched of the next substrate.

- 2. (original) The semiconductor process of claim 1, wherein the film to be etched is a silicon layer.
- 3. (original) The semiconductor process of claim 2, wherein the intermediary cleaning process is performed before the deposited polymer layer leads to a spectral intensity associated with the layer to be etched from OES data analysis more than 100 at a wavelength about 405 nm.

- 4. (original) The semiconductor process of claim 1, wherein the mask layer is a silicon oxide layer.
- 5. (original) The semiconductor process of claim 1, wherein the intermediary cleaning process is performed between each of the etchings.
- 6. (original) The semiconductor process of claim 1, wherein the intermediary cleaning process is performed for 1~3 minutes.
- 7. (original) The semiconductor process of claim 6, wherein the intermediary cleaning further comprises the steps of:
 using O₂, Cl₂, and SF₆ as a first cleaning gas for about 30 sec; and
 using Cl₂, and HBr as a second cleaning gas for about 50 sec.
- 8. (original) The semiconductor process of claim 1, further comprising performing a preliminary cleaning process in the plasma chamber before placing the substrates therein.
- 9. (original) The semiconductor process of claim 8, wherein the preliminary cleaning process is performed for 8~12 minutes.
- 10. (original) The semiconductor process of claim 9, wherein the preliminary cleaning process further comprises the steps of:

using O₂, Cl₂, and SF₆ as a first cleaning gas for about 70 sec; using O₂, Cl₂, and He as a second cleaning gas for about 200 sec; using Cl₂, and HBr as a third cleaning gas for about 150 sec; and using He as a fourth cleaning gas for about 30 sec.

11. (Previously presented) A method of forming floating gates for flash memory devices, comprising the steps of: providing a plurality of substrates;

successively forming a floating gate dielectric layer and a polysilicon layer overlying each of the substrates;

forming a capping layer with a bird's beak overlying the polysilicon layer; and etching each of the polysilicon layers in sequence in a plasma chamber using the overlying capping layer as an etch mask to form a floating gate on each of the floating gate dielectric layers, a polymer layer being deposited over the inner wall of the plasma chamber during the etching;

wherein an intermediary cleaning process is performed in the plasma chamber between the etchings before the deposited polymer layer reaches such a degree as to induce lateral etching on the next polysilicon layer.

12. (original) The method of claim 11, wherein the intermediary cleaning process is performed between each of the etchings.

- 13. (original) The method of claim 11, the intermediary cleaning process is performed for 1~3 minutes.
- 14. (original) The method of claim 13, wherein the intermediary cleaning process further comprises the steps of:
 using O₂, Cl₂, and SF₆ as a first cleaning gas to perform the for about 30 sec; and using Cl₂, and HBr as a second cleaning gas to perform the for about 50 sec.
- 15. (original) The method of claim 11, further comprising performing a preliminary cleaning process in the plasma chamber before placing the substrates therein.
- 16. (original) The method of claim 15, wherein the preliminary cleaning process is performed for 8~12 minutes.
- 17. (original) The method of claim 16, wherein the preliminary cleaning process further comprises the steps of:
 using O₂, Cl₂, and SF₆ as a first cleaning gas for about 70 sec;
 using O₂, Cl₂, and He as a second cleaning gas for about 200 sec;
 using Cl₂, and HBr as a third cleaning gas for about 150 sec; and
 using He as a fourth cleaning gas for about 30 sec.

- 18. (original) The method of claim 11, wherein the intermediary cleaning process is performed before the deposited polymer layer leads to a spectral intensity associated with the polysilicon layer from OES data analysis more than 100 at a wavelength about 405 nm.
- 19. (original) The method of claim 11, wherein the floating gate dielectric layer is a silicon oxide layer.
- 20. (original) The method of claim 11, wherein the capping layer is silicon oxide layer.
- 21. (original) A method of forming floating gates for flash memory devices, comprising the steps of:

providing a plurality of substrates;

successively forming a floating gate oxide layer and a polysilicon layer overlying each of the substrates;

forming a oxide layer with a bird's beak overlying the polysilicon layer; and etching each of the polysilicon layers in sequence in a cleaned plasma chamber using the overlying oxide layer as an etch mask to form a floating gate on each of the floating gate oxide layers, a polymer layer being deposited over the inner wall of the plasma chamber during the etching;

wherein a cleaning process is performed in the plasma chamber between each of the etchings to remove the deposited polymer layer.

- 22. (original) The method of claim 21, wherein the cleaning process is performed for $1\sim3$ minutes.
- 23. (original) The method of claim 22, wherein the cleaning process further comprises the steps of: using O_2 , Cl_2 , and SF_6 as a first cleaning gas for about 30 sec; and

using Cl₂, and HBr as a second cleaning gas for about 50 sec.